

## Sentence Forms

#### **Sentence Forms**

Resources: The LB Brief Handbook, 5th edition; Middle Tennessee State University; and The Complete Writer's Workout Book.

- There are four types of sentences, and using all four types throughout your paper will add variety and keep your reader's attention. The four types of sentences are **simple**, **compound**, **complex**, and **compound-complex**. All of these sentence types are made up of combinations of independent and dependent clauses.
- An independent clause can stand on its own as a complete sentence, but a dependent clause must be attached to another sentence.
- Examples:
  - *Independent clause: The whale swam out to the open sea.* 
    - (Italics will be used to indicate independent clauses throughout this handout).
  - Dependent clause: Before I go to work.
    - (Bold will be used to indicate dependent clauses throughout this handout).
- Dependent clauses must be connected to an *independent clause* because they depend on an independent clause to complete their meaning.
- Dependent clauses normally start with subordinating conjunctions (because, although, after, before, when, etc.) or relative pronouns (which, who, & that).

#### Types of Sentences

- Simple Sentence: A simple sentence consists of one independent clause and no dependent clauses.
  - **Example:** My dog had puppies.
  - **Example:** The unusually hot summer weather made farming quite difficult.
- Compound Sentence: A compound sentence connects at least two independent clauses but contains no dependent clauses.
  - There are two ways to connect two independent clauses:
    - a comma and a coordinating conjunction (FANBOYS: for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so) or
    - a semicolon and a conjunctive adverb (THINTIC: therefore, however, indeed, nevertheless, then, in fact, consequently).
  - **Example:** The boys created a new game, but the girls did not want to play.
    - (Two independent clauses linked by a comma and the coordinating conjunction 'but')
  - **Example:** The boys created a new game; however, the girls did not want to play.
    - (A semicolon and the conjunctive adverb 'however' link the two independent clauses together.)



# **APSU Writing Center**

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- *Complex Sentence:* A complex sentence contains one *independent clause* and at least one dependent clause.
  - Example: Because I was late for school, I hurried out the door.
  - Example: We had to leave the school when it started storming.
- *Compound-Complex Sentence*: A compound-complex sentence contains at least two *independent clauses* and at least one **dependent clause**.
  - Example: I really like my boss, but he doesn't seem to like me even though I try hard at work.
  - Example: Because I was late to school yesterday, I missed my English test, but my teacher let me take it today.